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Further relative to yellow fever case previously reported—Vessels fumigated before clearance—House inspection completed.

Doctor Jumel further reports :

September 25. The case of yellow fever reported September 24 [See Public Health Reports, September 25, 1908, page 1392] was an American who has been living in Ceiba during the past 4 months. The origin of the infection is obscure. The case is typical, and the symptom complex absolutely pathognomonic.

All vessels leaving the port are fumigated with sulphur before clearance.

September 29. The case of yellow fever reported as occurring in Ceiba has this day been discharged as cured. The room in which the case was treated has been fumigated with sulphur, and the usual precautions have been taken to prevent possible spread of infection through the agency of mosquitoes. House to house inspection continues.

October 3. House inspection completed. No further cases.

Report from Tela, fruit port.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Roe reports:

Week ended September 19. Present officially estimated population, about 1,250. General sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country during the week, good.

Bills of health issued to the following-named vessels:

| Date. | Vessel. | Destination. | Number of crew. | Number of passengers from this port. | Number of passengers in transit. |
|----------|----------------|-------------------|-----------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Sept. 13 | Viator | New Orleans | 17 | 0 | 0 |
| 19 | Colombia | Mobile | 19 | 0 | 0 |

INDIA.

Report from Calcutta—Transactions of Service—Cholera, plague, and smallpox—Plague in India and Bengal.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Eakins reports, September 3:

During the week ended August 29, a bill of health was issued to the steamship *Fitzclarence* bound for Baltimore via Vizigapatam. The usual precautions were taken, rat guards placed on the wharf lines, and the Asiatics' effects fumigated.

During the week ended August 22, there were 4 deaths from cholera, 8 from plague, and 5 from smallpox in Calcutta. In Bengal there were 7 cases of plague with 8 deaths. In India during the same period there were 1,578 cases of plague with 1,015 deaths.